(Continued)

5. According to Jacob Cohen's (1988) classification scheme of correlation sizes, a correlation of $r = -.45$ would be considered:

   a) weak.
   b) moderate.
   c) strong.
   d) none of the above.

   A: b

6. A recent survey asked people whether they were employed and to rate their satisfaction with life on a scale measurement. Which correlation (Pearson, point-biserial, or Phi) coefficient should you use to analyze this data?

   A: Point-biserial correlation coefficient because one variable (employment status) is a nominal variable.

7. If you're testing the reliability of a measurement and find an $r = .00$, what does that indicate about the reliability of this measurement?

   A: It means the measurement is not reliable, and thus, we cannot draw any meaningful conclusions from its use.